

On Amendments to Order №38/HK of the Minister of Defence and Aerospace Industry of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 13 March 2018 “On Approval of the Rules for the Registration, Use and Allocation of Domain Names within the Kazakhstan Segment of the Internet” №379/HK

Order of the Deputy Prime Minister – Minister of Artificial Intelligence and Digital Development of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 3 July 2026 №379/HK. Registered with the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Kazakhstan on 3 July 2026 under №39226.

HEREBY ORDER:

1. To amend Order №38/HK of the Minister of Defence and Aerospace Industry of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 13 March 2018 “On Approval of the Rules for the Registration, Use and Allocation of Domain Names within the Space of the Kazakhstan Segment of the Internet” (registered in the Register of State Registration of Regulatory Legal Acts under №16654) as follows:

amend the preamble to read as follows:

“In accordance with subparagraph 16) of Article 7-1 of the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan “On Cybersecurity”, **HEREBY ORDER:**”;

in the Rules for the Registration, Use and Allocation of Domain Names within the Space of the Kazakhstan Segment of the Internet, approved by the aforementioned order:

paragraph 1 shall be amended to read as follows:

“1. These Rules for the Registration, Use and Allocation of Domain Names within the Space of the Kazakhstan Segment of the Internet (hereinafter referred to as the Rules) have been developed in accordance with subparagraph 16) of Article 7-1 of the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan “On Cybersecurity” (hereinafter referred to as the Law) and establish the procedure for the registration, use and allocation of domain names within the space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet.”;

paragraph 2 shall be worded as follows:

“2. The following basic terms and abbreviations are used in these Rules:

1) domain name – a symbolic (alphanumeric) designation formed in accordance with Internet addressing rules, corresponding to a specific network address and intended to identify and access an Internet object by name;

2) domain Name System (hereinafter referred to as DNS) – a distributed database used to retrieve information about domain names. It contains information on the correspondence between domain names and Internet Protocol (IP) addresses and operates in accordance with Request for Comments (hereinafter referred to as RFC) standards 1032, 1034, 1035, 1122, 1133 and 1591;

3) domain name registrant (hereinafter referred to as the registrant) – an individual or legal entity that submits a registrant application to a domain name registrar operating within the space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet for the registration of domain names within that space and that holds the domain name for the duration of its registration within the space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet;

4) space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet – the aggregate of Internet resources hosted on hardware and software systems located within the territory of the Republic of Kazakhstan;

5) administrator of domain names within the domain space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet (hereinafter referred to as the administrator) – a non-profit public organization designated by the authorized body in accordance with the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan “On Cybersecurity” and responsible for the development of the domain space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet;

6) first-level domain name within the space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet (hereinafter referred to as a first-level domain name) – the .KZ and (or) .KAZ domain name allocated by the international organization ICANN for use in the interests of the Republic of Kazakhstan, located one level below the root domain name in the hierarchy of the domain space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet and constituting a direct subdomain of the root domain name (RFC 882);

7) second-level domain name within the space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet (hereinafter referred to as a second-level domain name) – a domain name located one level below a first-level domain name in the hierarchy of the domain space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet and constituting a (direct) subdomain of a first-level domain name (RFC 882);

8) register of domain names within the space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet (hereinafter referred to as the Register) – a centralized collection of databases containing all domain names registered within the space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet and all information relating to such registered domain names;

9) first-level domain name registrar within the space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet (hereinafter referred to as the Registry Operator) – a legal entity responsible for maintaining the Register and ensuring the stable operation of the Kazakhstan first-level domain;

10) second-level domain name registrar within the space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet (hereinafter referred to as the Registrar) – a legal entity that is a resident of the Republic of Kazakhstan and is accredited by the administrator to provide domain name registration services, enter information about domain names into the Register, delete such information, amend information entered in the Register, and ensure the registrant's right to use a domain name on the basis of agreements with the Registry Operator and the registrant (hereinafter referred to as the Service). Non-residents of the Republic of Kazakhstan may obtain accreditation from the administrator of national domain names only if they are accredited by ICANN as Registrars;

11) third-level domain name within the space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet (hereinafter referred to as a third-level domain name) – a domain name located one level below a second-level domain name in the hierarchy of the domain space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet and constituting a (direct) subdomain of a second-level domain name (RFC 882);

12) authorized body in the field of cybersecurity (hereinafter referred to as the authorized body) – the central executive body responsible for leadership and intersectoral coordination in the field of cybersecurity;

13) root domain name – the domain name represented by a dot ".", and operating on the Internet in accordance with RFC 882;

14) domestic security certificate – a set of electronic digital characters used to allow traffic containing encryption-enabled protocols to pass through and issued by a domestic certification authority;

15) application – a request submitted by a registrant to a Registrar containing all information required for the registration of domain names within the space of the Kazakhstan segment of the Internet (renewal of the registration period), amendment of previously submitted information, transfer, registrar transfer, or cancellation of an existing domain name registration;

16) reserved domain names – domain names reserved for state needs and corresponding to the abbreviated names specified in these Rules;

17) phishing – a set of methods aimed at unlawfully obtaining Internet users' account credentials or confidential data;

18) foreign security certificate – a set of electronic digital characters used to allow traffic containing encryption-enabled protocols to pass through and issued by a foreign certification authority;

19) DNS server – specialized software used to operate the Domain Name System, as well as the hardware on which such software runs;

20) RFC – a document defining the technical and organizational conditions for the operation of the Internet and adopted by the Internet Engineering Task Force and the Internet Engineering Steering Group;

21) WHOIS server – specialized software designed to retrieve information about registered domain names and operating in accordance with RFC 3912, as well as the hardware on which such software runs.”;

In paragraph 16:

subparagraph 4) shall be worded as follows:

“4) failure by the registrant to remedy a cybersecurity incident in respect of which a notification has been received from the authorized body or the National Cybersecurity Coordination Centre;”;

subparagraph 7) shall be worded as follows:

“7) receipt of a notification identifying phishing on an Internet resource from the Cybersecurity Operations Centre, the Cybersecurity Incident Response Service, or a sectoral Cybersecurity Operations Centre.”.

2. The Information Security Committee of the Ministry of Artificial Intelligence and Digital Development of the Republic of Kazakhstan shall, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, ensure:

1) state registration of this Order with the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Kazakhstan;

2) publication of this Order on the official website of the Ministry of Artificial Intelligence and Digital Development of the Republic of Kazakhstan following its official publication;

3) submission to the Legal Department of the Ministry of Artificial Intelligence and Digital Development of the Republic of Kazakhstan, within ten working days after the state registration of this Order with the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Kazakhstan, of information confirming the implementation of the measures provided for in subparagraphs 1) and 2) of this paragraph.

3. Supervision over the implementation of this Order shall be entrusted to the Vice-Minister of Artificial Intelligence and Digital Development of the Republic of Kazakhstan responsible for the relevant area.

4. This Order shall enter into force upon the expiry of ten calendar days after the date of its first official publication.

**Deputy Prime Minister –
Minister of Artificial Intelligence
and Digital Development
of the Republic of Kazakhstan
Zh. Madiyev**